

Name (print):

Solutions.

Each problem is worth 2 points. Show all your work.

1. The function $f(x, y) = xy - 2x - 2y - x^2 - y^2$ has a critical point at $(-2, -2)$. Determine its type (local maximum/minimum, saddle point...).

$$\nabla f = (y - 2 - 2x, x - 2 - 2y)$$

$$D^2 f = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} A & B \\ B & C \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = AC - B^2 = 4 - 1 = 3 > 0$$

$$A = -2 < 0$$

$\Rightarrow f(x, y)$ has a local maximum at the critical pt $(-2, -2)$.

2. Find all critical points of the function

$$f(x, y) = y^2 - 2y \cos x.$$

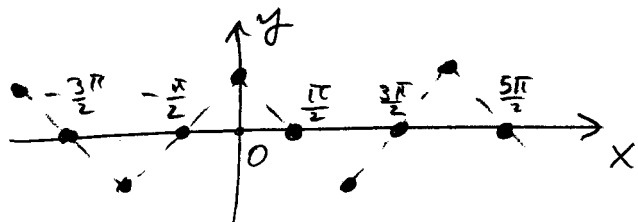
$$\nabla f = (2y \sin x, 2y - 2 \cos x) = (0, 0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2y \sin x = 0 \Rightarrow y = 0 \text{ or } \sin x = 0 \\ 2(y - \cos x) = 0 \Rightarrow y = \cos x \end{cases}$$

$$y = 0 \Rightarrow \cos x = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{2} + \pi n \quad (n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots)$$

$$\sin x = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pi n \Rightarrow y = \cos(\pi n) = (-1)^n \quad (n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots)$$

Answer: $(\pi(n + \frac{1}{2}), 0)$



Please turn over...

$$(2\pi n, 1), (2\pi(n+1), -1) \quad n = 0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots$$

3. Set up the Lagrange Multiplier method equations for the problem. Show that the number of equations matches the number of unknowns. Do not solve the actual equations.

$$\begin{cases} f(x, y, z) = yz + xy \rightarrow \max \\ g(x, y) = xy = 1, \quad h(x, y, z) = y^2 - z^2 = 1 \quad (\text{constraints}). \end{cases}$$

$$\nabla f = (y, z+x, y)$$

$$\nabla g = (y, x, 0)$$

$$\nabla h = (0, 2y, -2z)$$

Equations to solve for critical point:

$$\nabla f = \lambda \nabla g + \mu \nabla h$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} y = \lambda y \\ z+x = \lambda x + 2\mu y \\ y = -2\mu z \end{cases}$$

+ two
constraints:

$$xy = 1$$

$$y^2 - z^2 = 1$$

5 equations,
5 unknowns:
 x, y, z, λ, μ .