

Enterprise Computing Mainframe

Dr. Shan Barkataki

Chan Nguyen

Viet Hoang

Tu Tran

Enterprise Computing Project Team

Computer Science Dept

California State University, Northridge

Contents

- Two Parts
 - Mainframe (This set of slides)
 - Enterprise programming (COBOL, Tools and Techniques)
- Mainframe
 - What is a Mainframe? Who uses them? Who runs them?
 - Important characteristics: reliability, availability, security
 - Computing power, batch, transaction, online processing
 - Operating system & Programming
 - Jobs, internships, salary
 - Learning resources
 - Demonstrations
 - CSUN Enterprise Computing project

Why Learn Enterprise Computing?

- The World economy runs on Enterprise systems
 - Banks, brokerage, stock exchanges
 - Point of sell transactions
 - Travel sites, air line ticketing, supermarket stock control
 - Healthcare & Insurance systems
 - Large manufacturing and commerce systems
 - Government computing
- Enterprise systems run on **Mainframes**
 - Why? Speed, simplicity, reliability, scalability
- Good part of the software is based on legacy code
 - **COBOL**

What is a Mainframe?

- Part 1
 - <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=d0-pLcgq-2M>

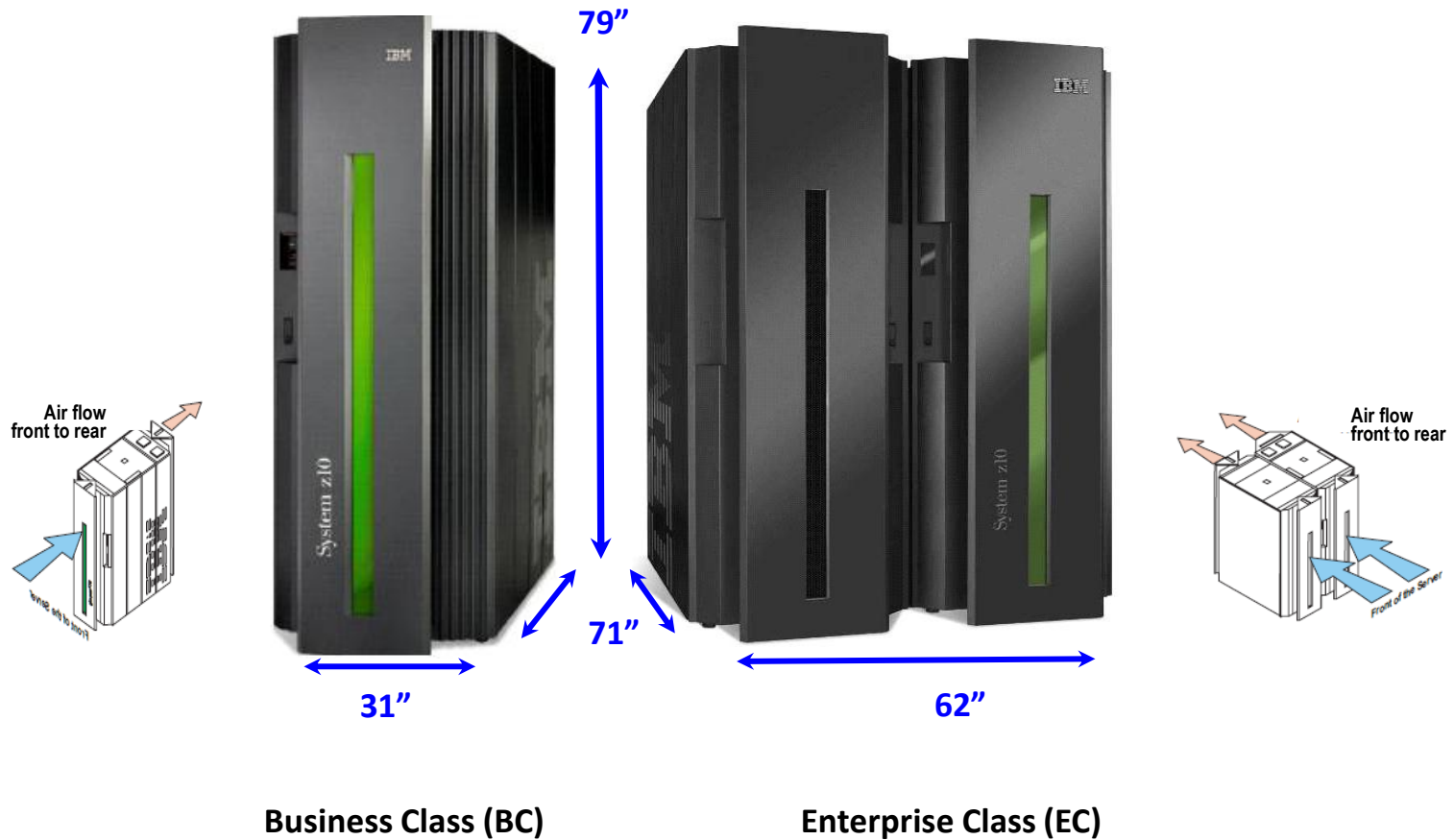


People don't know mainframes

- Hollywood Myths vs. Reality



Modern Mainframe Physical Dimensions



What is a mainframe

- Part 2
 - <http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ewsaYde59C0>



Webopedia

“A very large and expensive computer capable of supporting hundreds, or even thousands, of users simultaneously.

In the hierarchy that starts with a simple microprocessor (in watches, for example) at the bottom and moves to supercomputers at the top, mainframes are just below supercomputers.

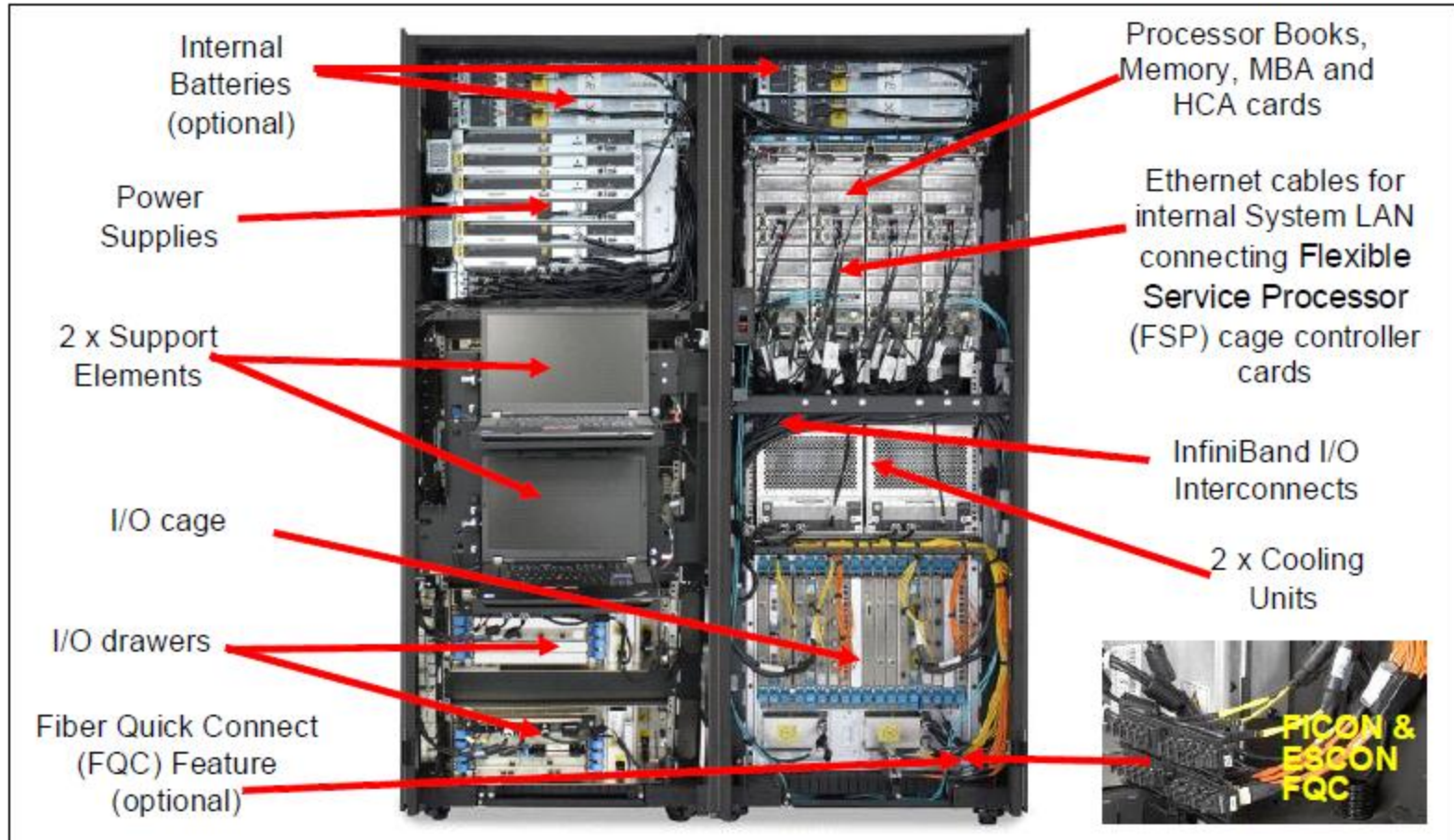
In some ways, mainframes are more powerful than supercomputers because they support more simultaneous programs. But supercomputers can execute a single program faster than a mainframe.”

<http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/M/mainframe.html>

A Real Important Thing About Mainframes

- High Reliability
 - Nonstop system running
 - Redundancy
 - Monitoring
- High Availability
 - Redundancy, Symmetric multiprocessing (sysplexing)
- High Security
 - Everything is tight, closely controlled system
 - Not easy to hack

What Does a Mainframe Look Like?



z/196 Enterprise System
World's most powerful mainframe system

Mainframes are Ultra Powerful

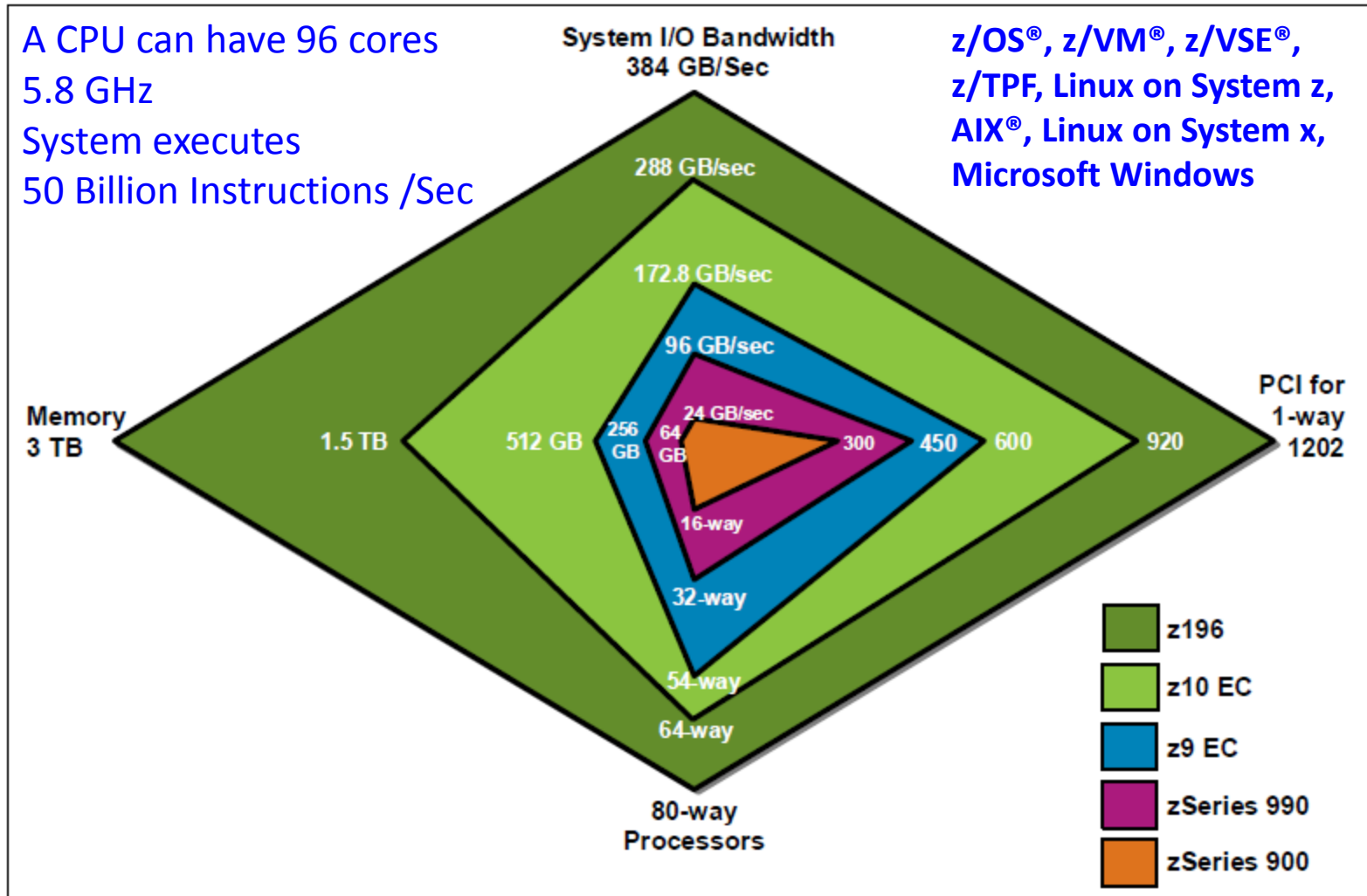
A CPU can have 96 cores

5.8 GHz

System executes

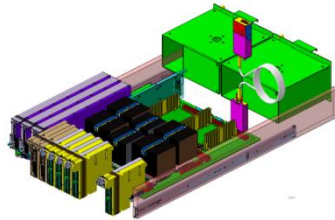
50 Billion Instructions /Sec

z/OS®, z/VM®, z/VSE®,
z/TPF, Linux on System z,
AIX®, Linux on System x,
Microsoft Windows



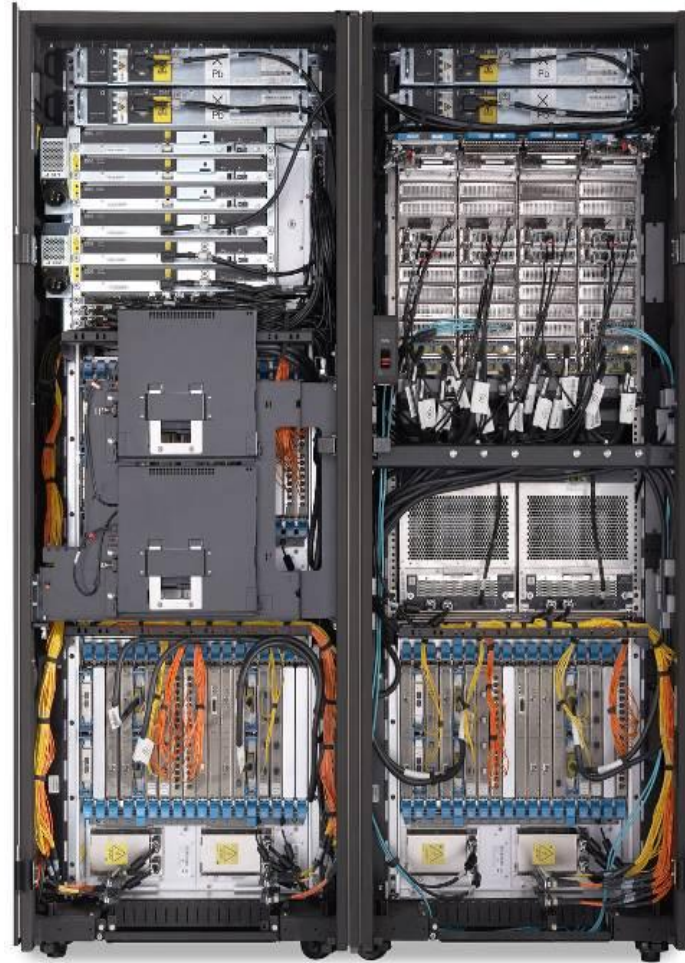
What is the transfer rates of a fast SATA drive? 6GB/S

Another Look



- One drawer houses the Central Processing Complex (CPC)
- One to four drawers house the I/O features.

**Business Class design
is based on Drawers**



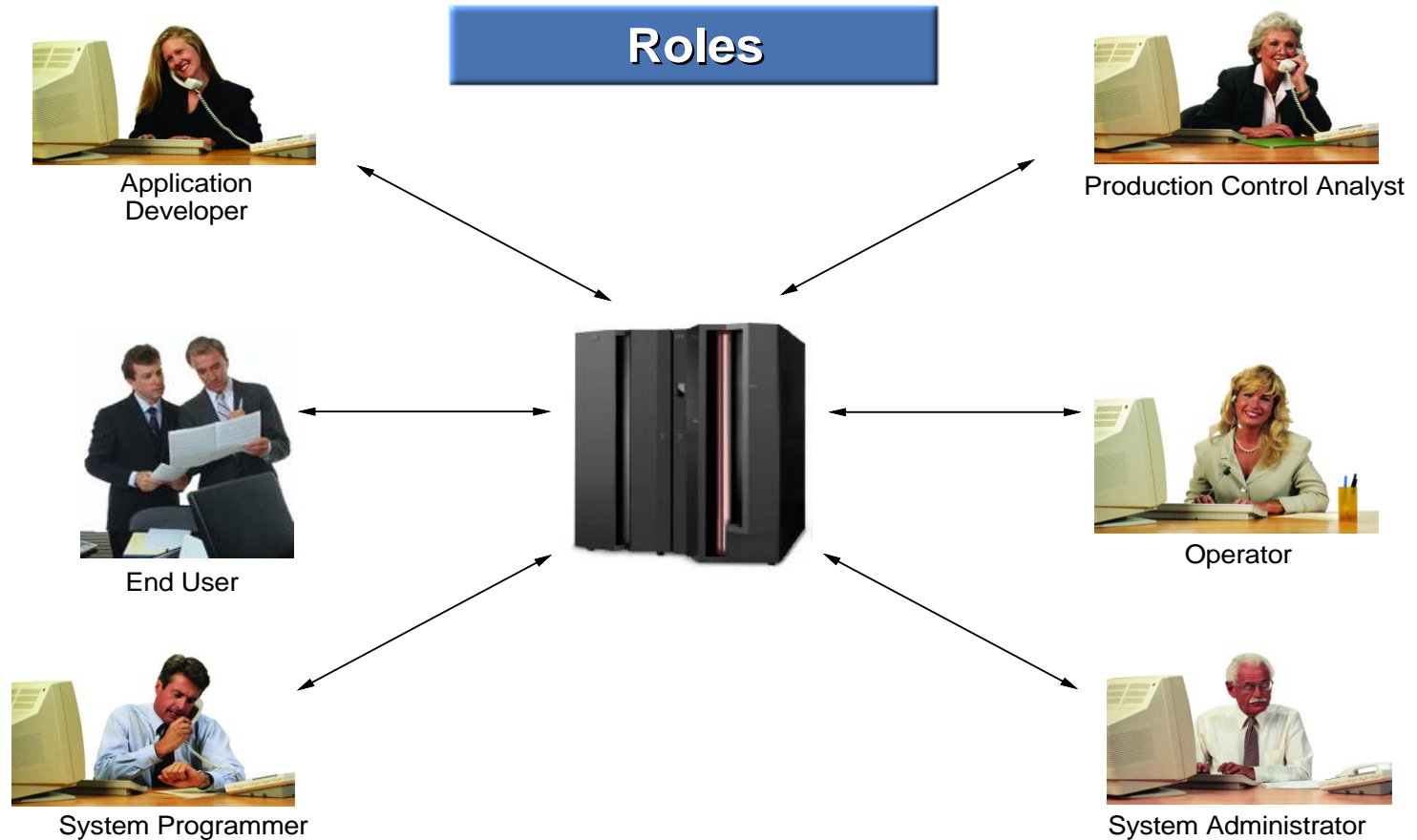
- Up to four Books house the Central Processing Complex
- One to three cages house the I/O features

**Enterprise Class design
is based on Books**

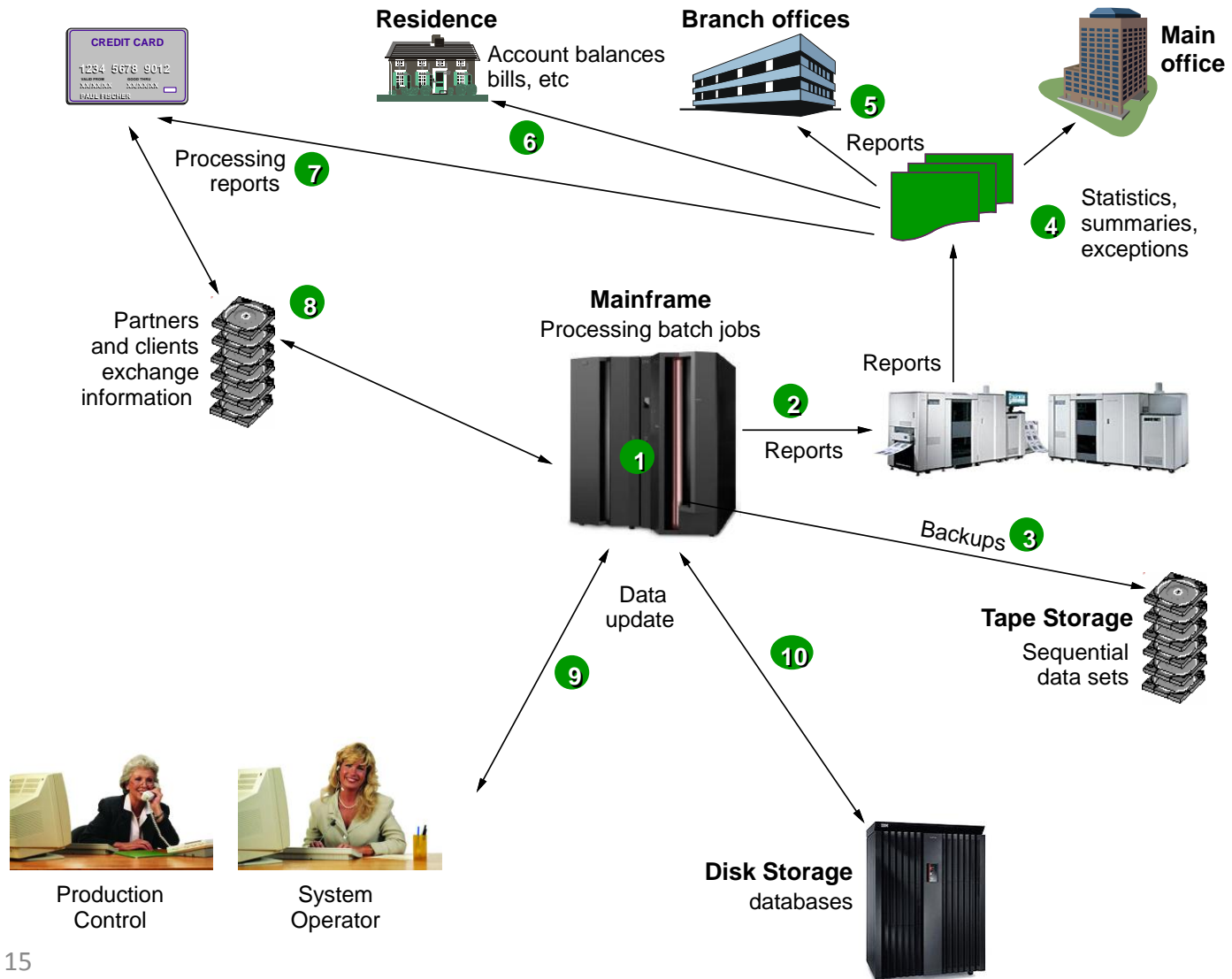
Who Runs Mainframes?

- Most Fortune 1000 companies use a mainframe environment
 - 60% of all data available on the Internet is stored on mainframe computers
- Why mainframes?
 - Large-scale transaction processing
 - Thousands of transactions per second
 - Support thousands of users and application programs
 - Simultaneously accessing resources
 - Terabytes of information in databases
 - Large-bandwidth communications
- There are more mainframe transactions processed daily than Web pages served

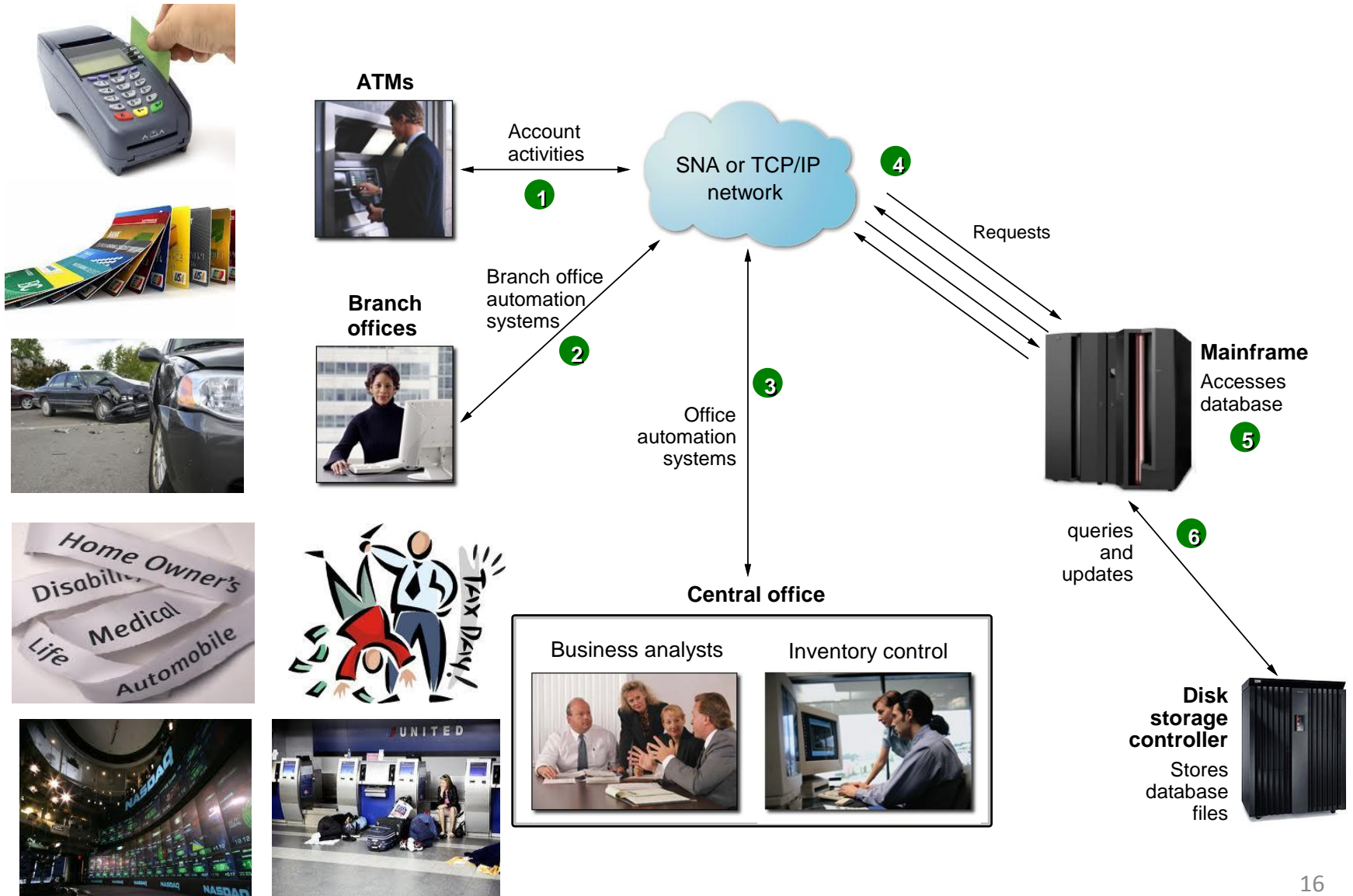
Who Uses Mainframes?



Mainframes Do Batch processing

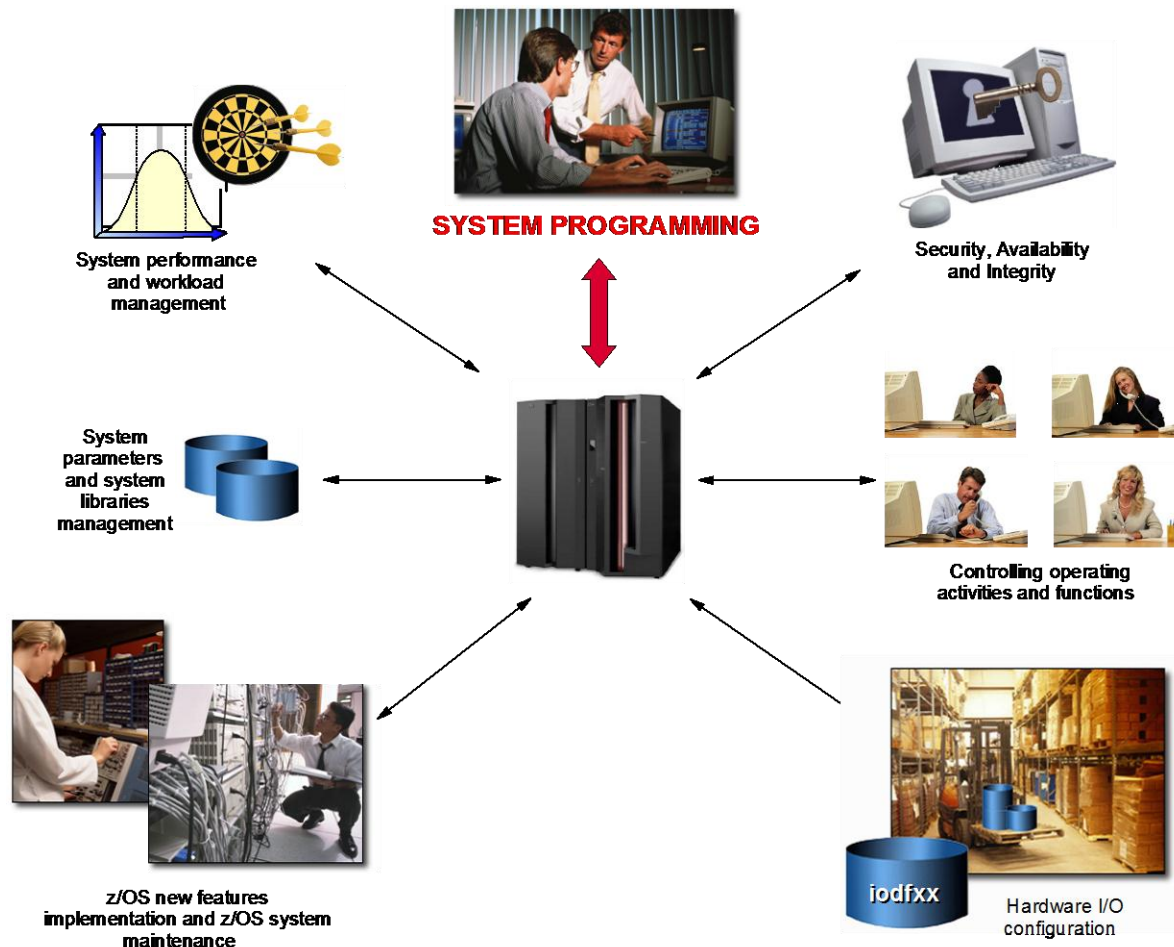


Mainframes Do Transaction processing



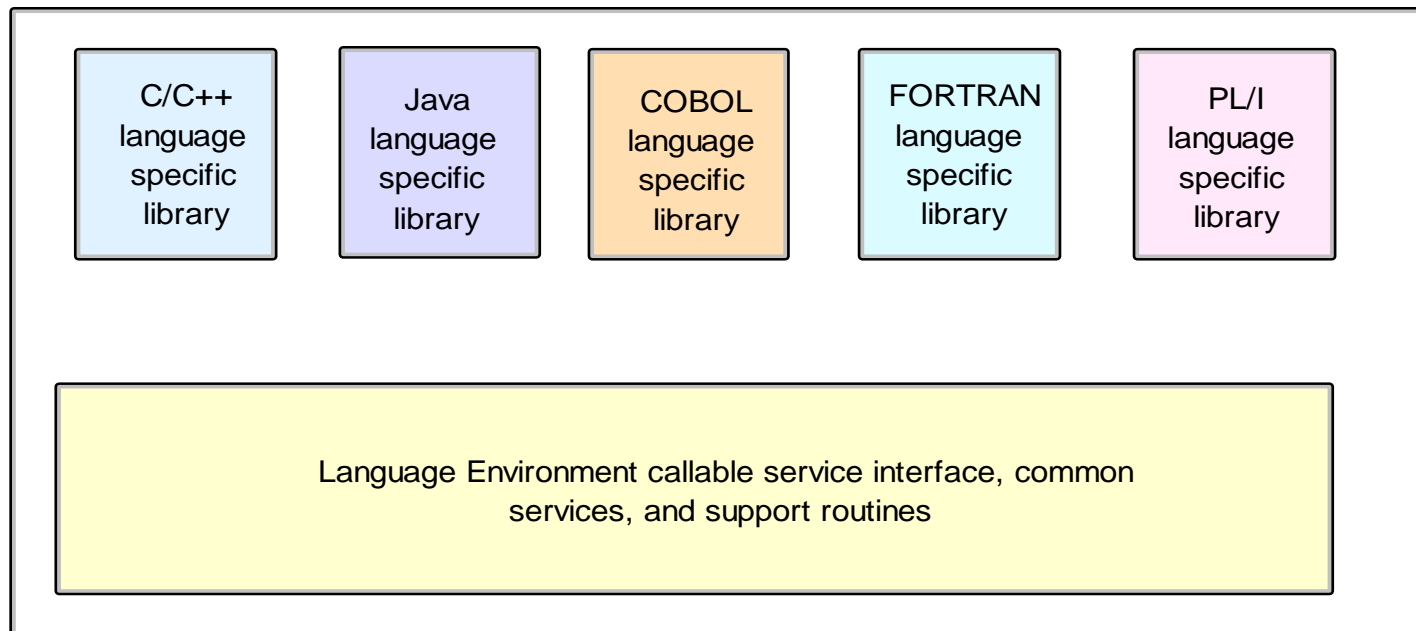
Programming For Mainframes

- Systems Programming Installs, customizes, maintains operating system and utilities



Programming For Mainframes

- Application programmers design and code applications using IDE (Rational, Eclipse)
 - Not much different from ordinary applications
 - Batch programs & Transaction Processing
 - Database intensive



IBM z/OS Interfaces

- IBM Rules the mainframe world z/OS
- TSO/E
 - Allows users to logon to z/OS and use a limited set of basic commands. This is sometimes called using TSO in its *native mode*.
- ISPF
 - Provides a menu-driven interface system for accessing many of the most commonly used z/OS functions.
 - Implemented by TSO
- z/OS UNIX shell and utilities
 - Allows users to write and invoke shell scripts and utilities, and use the shell programming language.

TSO Interface

```

Vista Session B
File Edit Page Transfer Menu Options Window Help

10/05/03 WELCOME TO 10:07:10

// 00000000 555555
// 00 00 55
// 00 00 55
// 00 00 55 1.9.0
// 00 00 55
// 00000000 555555
*****
YOUR TERMINAL NAME IS : TCP01230 YOUR IP ADDRESS IS : 98.228.179.128

IBM Scholars eSeries Center

==== 100 TBA CompS0236, 000 ====
.....x/05 1.9 + .....x/05 1.9 + .....x/05 1.9 + .....x/05 1.9 + .....

==== ENTER "E" FOLLOWED BY THE APPLYED YOU WISH TO LOGIN TO, EXAMPLE "E-ES0"
FOR IS0/E OR "E-000" FOR THE CIESA CIES APPLICATION.

0.0 10/05/03.202 05:07PM zns.kotr-marist.edu 24,1
  
```

```

Winsock 3270 Telnet - mvs.cso.niu.edu
Connect Close Exit Edit Print Screen Setup Help

Specify Disposition of Log Data Set

Command ==>

Log Data Set (T90JFL1.SPFLOG1.LIST) Disposition:
Process Option . . . . 2
1. Print data set and delete
2. Delete data set without printing
3. Keep data set - Same
   (allocate same data set in next session)
4. Keep data set - New
   (allocate new data set in next session)

Batch SYSOUT class . .
Local printer ID or
writer-name . . . .
Local SYSOUT class . .

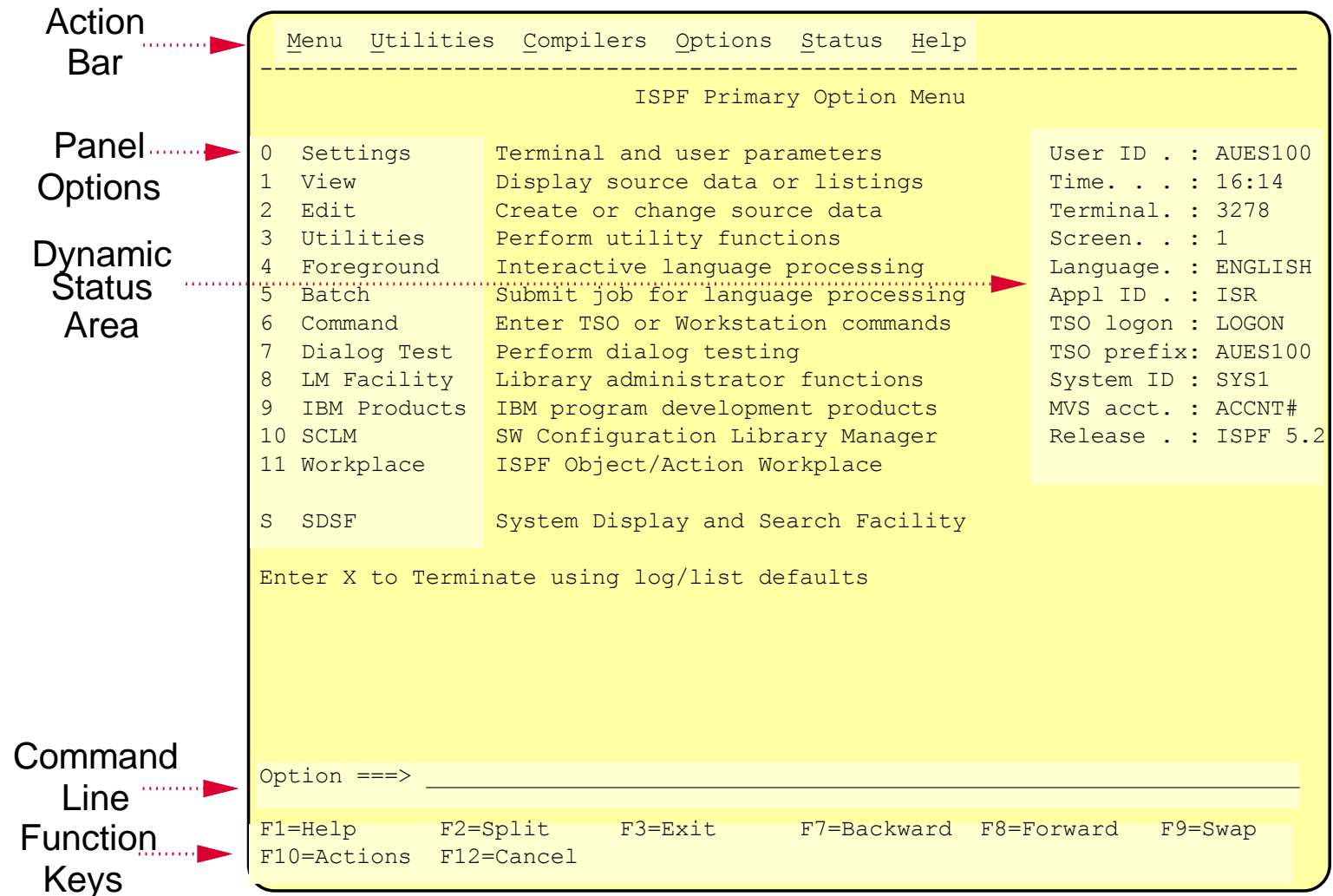
List Data Set Options not available

Press ENTER key to complete ISPF termination.
Enter END command to return to the primary option menu.

Job statement information: (Required for system printer)
====>
F1=Help F2=Split F3=Exit F7=Backward F8=Forward F9=Swap
F12=Cancel

Clear Erase EOF New Line PA1 PA2 PA3
16:01:05 IBM-3270-2
  
```

ISPF Interface has Panels



Job Control Language

- Used to control batch job execution
 - Authentication and accounting
 - Request resources- very detailed
 - Programs, memory, disk space, files
 - Somewhat complicated
 - Systems programmers write JCL for use by
 - Application programmers
 - System operators

JCL Example

```
//MYJOB      JOB  1
//MYSORT     EXEC  PGM=SORT
//SORTIN     DD  DISP=SHR,DSN=IBMUSER.AREA.CODES
//SORTOUT    DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSOUT     DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN      DD  *
              SORT  FIELDS=(1,3,CH,A)
/*
```

MYJOB Job name
MYSORT Step name
SORTIN DD name for program input
SORTOUT DD name for program output
SYSOUT Where to send system output messages (such as a data set)
SYSIN Specifies whether the input will be data or control statements.

COBOL Programming

- Billions of lines of live code in use
- There is no sunset date for COBOL
- Billions of \$ invested
- Verbose but has evolved a great deal

```
File Edit ConFirm Menu Utilities Compilers Test Help
=====
EDIT          SCOMST0.0214.LIBRARY(HSGSTG0) - 01.07      Columns 00001 00072
Command ---> |                                           Scroll ---> 058
000553      do-the-work.
000554          move in-part-number          to rept-part-number
000555          move in-description          to rept-description
000556          move in-quantity-on-hand    to rept-quantity-on-hand
000557          move in-quantity-on-ord     to rept-quantity-on-ord
000558          move in-unit-price         to rept-unit-price
000559          move in-reorder-level       to rept-reorder-level
000560          write rept-rec from rept-record
000561          perform read-a-record.
000562
000563
000564      print-table.
000565          move parts-no(part-index)
000566              to rept-part-number
000567          move parts-desc(part-index)
000568              to rept-description
000569          move parts-co-hand(part-index)
000570              to rept-quantity-on-hand
000571          move parts-on-ord(part-index)
000572              to rept-quantity-on-ord
```


\$86,000
Entry level

Mainframe Jobs Pay More

Source: <http://www.indeed.com/salary?q1=IBM+cics+programmer&l1=>

Average Salary of Jobs with Related Titles



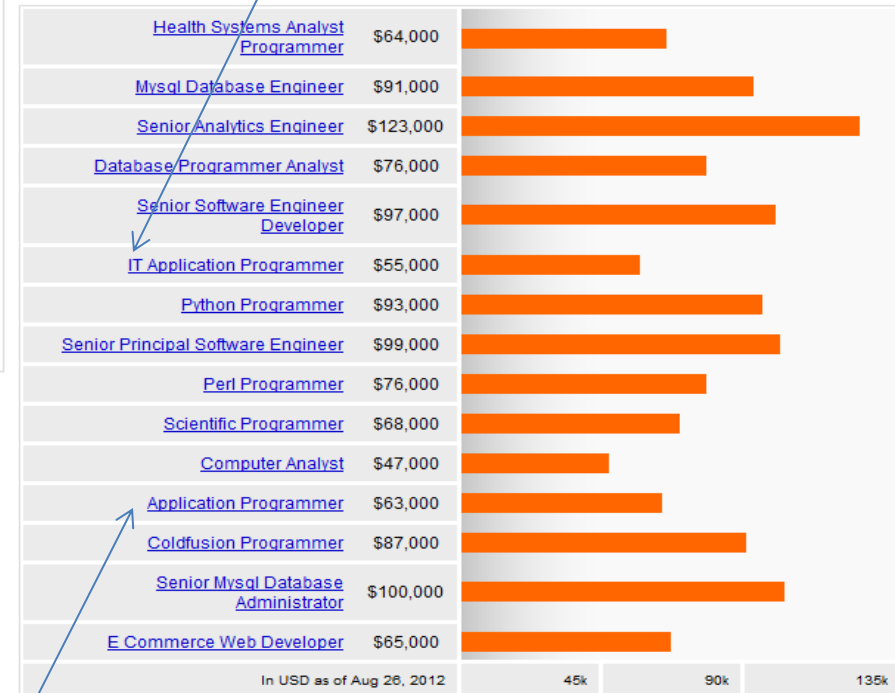
\$119,000
2-3 years

Mainframe Jobs

IBM z/OS related job postings for students
www.SystemzJobs.com

\$55,000
Entry level

Average Salary of Jobs with Related Titles



\$63,000
1 to 2 years

Regular IT Jobs

Mainframe Jobs

- Mainframe programming jobs in LA area
<http://www.indeed.com/salary?q1=Mainframe+System+Programmer&l1=Los+Angeles%2C+CA>
- IBM System Z Job Openings- Worldwide
<http://www.systemzjobs.com>

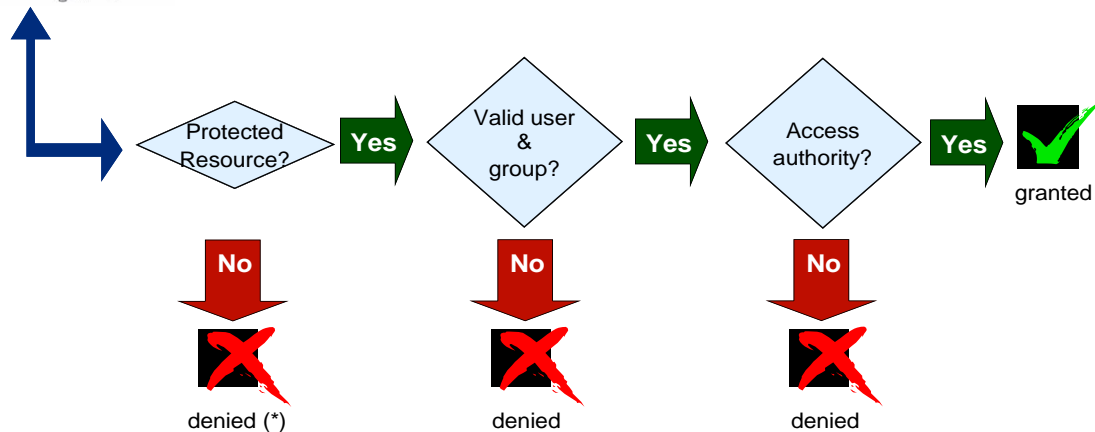
Mainframes Are Greener

- Increasing number of server farms creates an environmental problem
- Mainframes use less energy & generate less heat- better for the environment
- http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VoYatTeav4E&feature=player_embedded#!



Resource Access Control Facility

- RACF provides the basic security framework on z/OS mainframes
 - Identify and authenticate users
 - Authorize users to access protected resources
 - Log and report attempted unauthorized access
 - Control means of access to resources

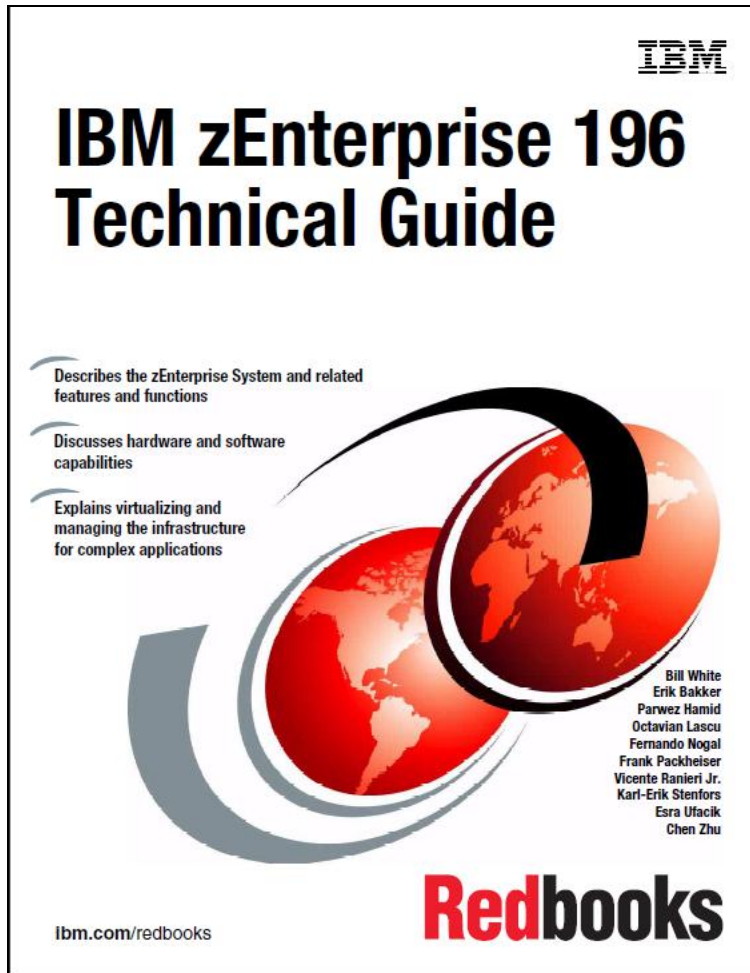


(*) if Protect All
option is in effect

Independent Reports Support Mainframes for Business

- Forrester Research
<http://www-01.ibm.com/common/ssi/cgi-bin/ssialias?infotype=PM&subtype=AB&htmlfid=ZSC03133USEN>
- Edison Report
<http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/solutions/cloud/index.html>
- There are many more studies on the benefits of using mainframe computers
 - look for them

Many Free Learning Resources



IBM Red Books cover the
whole spectrum

Free PDF Download

Put it in Kindle or iPad

<http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/>

Many web based learning resources,
Do a Google search using search parameters:
z/OS, IBM Enterprise computing, RDz UT

CSUN Enterprise Computing Project

- Gain professional knowledge, build confidence, and be job ready by discovering and learning mainframe technologies. Gain opportunities for internships/jobs. Both locally and nationwide
- Help establish an enterprise learning environment at CSUN (lab, Eclipse environment, Rational Development system, RDz/UT Virtual environment)
- You will learn mainframe programming including systems programming
 - Learn z/OS stuff
 - Systems Programming
 - Application Programming (COBOL/C/Java)
 - Transaction processing applications
 - DB2 and IMS database systems
- You will support development of Enterprise Computing Courseware
- You will take part in “Master the Mainframe” competition
- Stipend based on effort and accomplishments
- Comp490/1 (undergraduate) or Comp696/698 credits (graduate)

What Do You Need To Join The Project

- Excellent programming skills
- Ability to make progress on your own
 - Research tools and techniques, find solutions
- About 3.2-3.5 GPA in the Major subjects
- Recommendation email from a professor with whom you took a “serious” programming or SW eng class
 - Prof can email it to me shan@csun.edu
 - Can be from CSUN or elsewhere
 - Send an email to shan@csun.edu, if interested

How to Join?

- Send me an email (shan@csun.edu) with the following information
 - Subject line should say
 - Enterprise Computing Project- <Your last name>, <First name>
 - Body of the email should have
 - Your contact information (your email, phone #)
 - Name of the professor who is sending the reference and the class (class name, semester)
 - Give email if not from CSUN
 - Attach
 - A few focused statements stating why you are a strong candidate to join the team. This should be no more than 1 page. Bullets with some explanatory text for each bullet will be acceptable.
 - A copy of your DPR in PDF format

Related Videos

(Play on your own time)

- Fastest z/Enterprise systems
- <http://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/hardware/>
- What is the IBM enterprise system?
<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=m9rC4yYbW2E>