

Name: (print) _____

Solutions.

Each problem is worth 2 points. Show all your work.

1. Use truth tables to show that for any logical statements
- P, Q

$$(P \Rightarrow Q) \Leftrightarrow (\bar{Q} \Rightarrow \bar{P}).$$

P	Q	
	T	F
T	T	F
F	T	T

$$(P \Rightarrow Q)$$

$P, \bar{P}$	$Q, \bar{Q}$	
	T	F
T	F	T
F	T	T

$$(\bar{Q} \Rightarrow \bar{P})$$

Truth tables
are identical;
the statements
are log.
equivalent.

2. Prove that for any non-empty sets
- A
- and
- B

$$A \cup B = A \Rightarrow B \subseteq A.$$

WTS $B \subseteq A$; Know: $\underbrace{A \cup B = A}$

$$\forall x \quad (x \in B) \Rightarrow (x \in A \cup B) \Rightarrow (x \in A)$$

↑
def. of $A \cup B$

$$\Rightarrow B \subseteq A.$$

Please turn over...

3. Let $f(x) = (x+1)^2/x$. Find the sets $f(\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\})$, $f^{-1}((0, \infty))$ and $f^{-1}([1, 3])$. Show your work.

Graph: vertical asympt. $x=0$;

$$f(x) = \frac{(x+1)^2}{x} = x + 2 + \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow y = x + 2 \text{ - oblique as.}$$

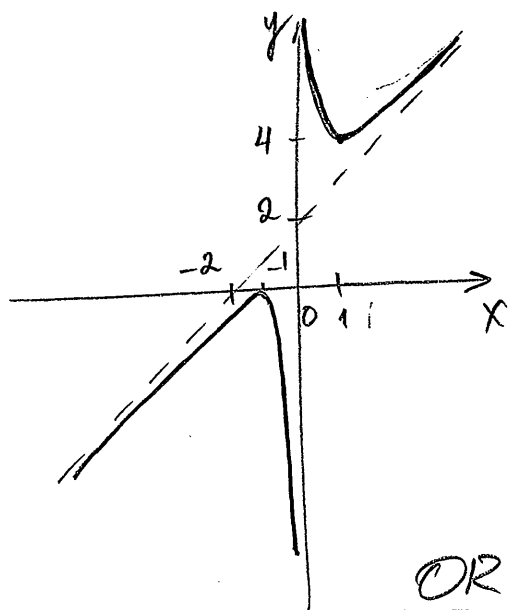
$$f'(x) = 1 - \frac{1}{x^2} \Rightarrow \text{crit. pts. } x = \pm 1$$

$$\underbrace{f(1) = 4}_{\text{local min.}}, \quad \underbrace{f(-1) = 0}_{\text{local max.}}$$

$$f(\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\}) = (-\infty, 0] \cup [4, \infty)$$

$$f^{-1}((0, \infty)) = (0, \infty)$$

$$f^{-1}([1, 3]) = \emptyset \quad (\text{there is no } x \text{ corr. to } 1 \leq y \leq 3)$$



OR: Solve $y = \frac{(x+1)^2}{x}$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{y-2 \pm \sqrt{y(y-4)}}{2}$$

domain gives $f(\mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\})$

4. Prove or disprove using a counterexample:

$y \geq 4$ produces all $x \geq 0$, etc.

For every natural n the number $n^2 + n + 41$ is a prime.

Counterexample: $n=40$

$$N = 40^2 + 40 + 41 = 41 \cdot 40 + 41 = 41^2 \text{ - not prime}$$

OR

$$N = 41^2 + 41 + 41 = 43 \cdot 41 \text{ - not prime}$$

(Curiously, $n^2 + n + 41$ is a prime for all $n \leq 39$, can't use those values for a counterexample...)