

**Extra Credit Problem for the Final Exam**

Show that the function

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} xy \frac{y^2 - x^2}{x^2 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

is differentiable at  $(0, 0)$ , the second-order partial derivatives  $f_{xy}$  and  $f_{yx}$  exist at  $(0, 0)$ , however

$$f_{xy}(0, 0) \neq f_{yx}(0, 0).$$

[Hint: to show that the partial derivatives  $f_x$ ,  $f_y$ ,  $f_{xy}$ ,  $f_{yx}$  exist at  $(0, 0)$  you'll need to use the definition of the derivative as a difference quotient.] Remark: There is no contradiction to the theorem about the equality of mixed partials, since  $f_{xy}$  and  $f_{yx}$  are not continuous at  $(0, 0)$ .