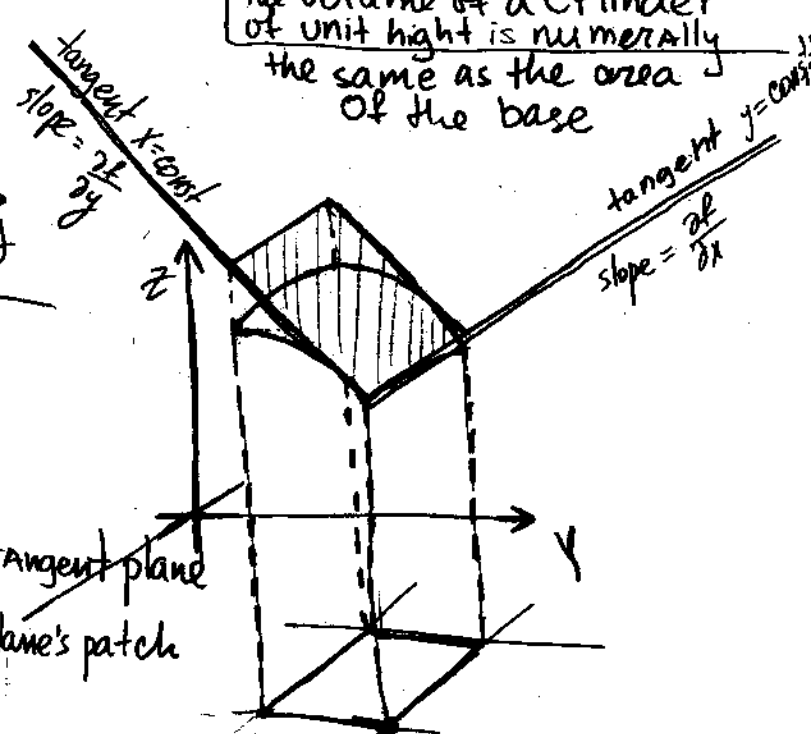
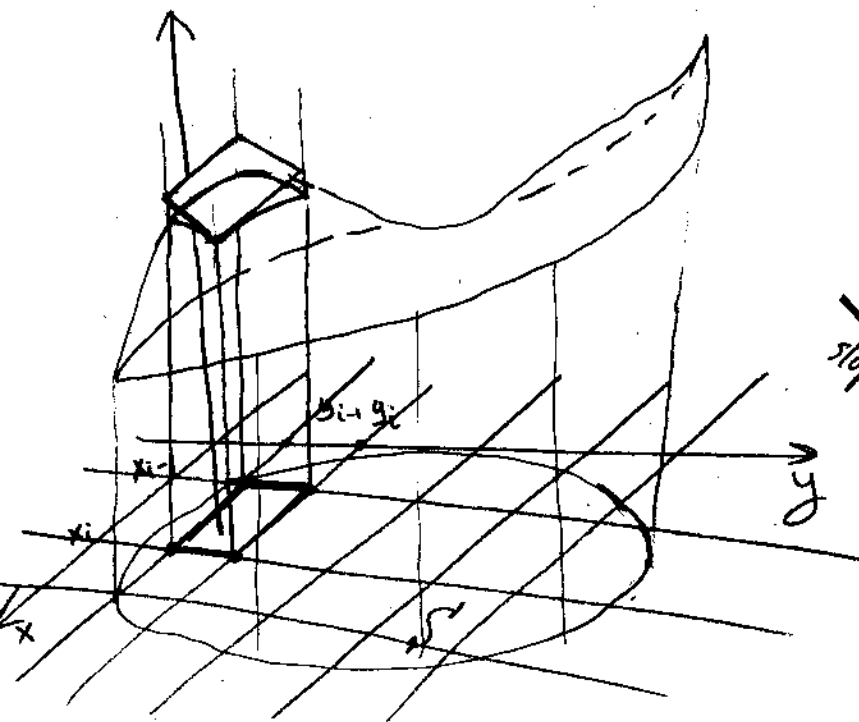


Surface Area

Do not mix with the area of a set S in xy -plane

$$A = \iint_S 1 \cdot dA = \iint_S dA$$

We use trivial fact that the volume of a cylinder of unit height is numerically the same as the area of the base



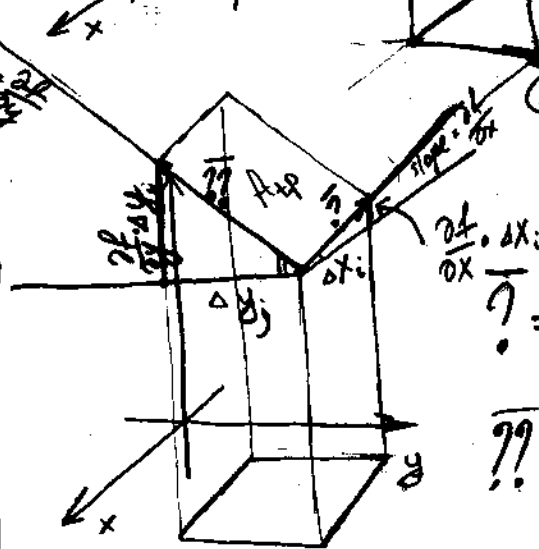
Patch on the surface \approx Patch on the tangent plane
 Area of the patch \approx Area of the tangent plane's patch

Area of the surface $z = f(x, y)$ above set S is:

$$A = \lim_{\substack{\Delta x_i \rightarrow 0 \\ \Delta y_j \rightarrow 0}} \sum_{ij} \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2} \Delta x_i \Delta y_j$$

or,

$$A = \iint_S \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2} dA$$



$$\vec{r}_1 = (\Delta x_i, 0, \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \cdot \Delta x_i)$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = (0, \Delta y_j, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \cdot \Delta y_j)$$

$$A_{tp} = |\vec{r}_1 \times \vec{r}_2| = \text{length of } \begin{pmatrix} i & j & k \\ 0 & \Delta y_j & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \Delta y_j \\ \Delta x_i & 0 & \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Delta x_i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \text{length of } \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Delta y_j \Delta x_i, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \Delta y_j \Delta x_i, \Delta x_i \Delta y_j \right) = \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}\right)^2} \cdot \Delta x_i \Delta y_j$$