This walk begins and ends by the Arbor Grill, making a short loop around the west side of campus and bringing you past the Sundial Fountain. The walk is 0.40 miles long. For more information on the trees in this brochure and a glossary of terms, scan the QR code below.

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<th>Water requirements:</th>
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### Trees

**1. Salix babylonica: Weeping Willow**

The Weeping Willow is a rapidly growing deciduous tree with a short life-span, that can reach 30-50 ft in height. It has a short trunk, broad rounded crown, and pendulous weeping branches with 3-6" alternate, narrow, simple leaves. It has a very invasive, shallow root system, so it is best to avoid planting near sewers or water lines.

**2. Ginkgo biloba: Maidenhair Tree**

The Maidenhair Tree is pyramidal, with irregular horizontal branches. The 2-3" emerald-green fan-shaped leaves grow in clusters of 3-5. Plum shaped, yellow-orange fruit grows on the female trees. The outer fleshy pulp and seed kernel are poisonous when ingested in large quantities and lead to minor dermatitis after contact with skin. However, the seed itself is boiled or roasted and eaten in Asia, and is used in traditional medicine.


The Hollywood, or Chinese, Juniper is an irregular, coniferous shrub or tree, which can grow 15-20 ft tall and spread up to 10 ft. It is originally from China, Mongolia and Japan. The tree has dense, dark-green, fragrant, scale-like foliage, inconspicuous flowers, and small berry-like cones of blue color. The variety ‘torulosa’ is the most sought after of all varieties due to its artistically twisted trunk.

**4. Zelkova serrata: Sawleaf Zelkova**

The deciduous Sawleaf Zelkova, native to Japan, Taiwan and eastern China, can grow 50-80 ft tall, with equal spread. The bark is smooth and gray when the tree is young, but will reveal the orange-brown inner bark when it gets older. The leaves are oblong, elliptic, and medium-green in color, with coarse, ciliate marginal teeth and acuminate tips, turning from yellow, orange, to brown in fall.

**5. Calistemon citrinus: Lemon Bottlebrush**

The Lemon Bottlebrush, native to Australia, can grow 6-12 ft tall and 6-9 ft wide. The tree is often multi-trunked with rough, brown bark and gray, drooping branches that have thorns. The 6” bright-green, elliptic and leathery leaves have a distinct citrus aroma when crushed. Bright red flowers, mostly made of stamens, are arranged in fuzzy clusters resembling the bristles on a brush used to clean bottles.

**6. Cedrus libani: Lebanon Cedar**

The hardy, slow-growing Lebanon Cedar is one of only 3 species of cedars in the world, and is found between 4000-7000 ft in elevation. The bark is dark gray and fissured, with very thick, long branches. The stiff, dark-green ½-1 ½” needles appear on short shoots and are grouped in tufts of 30-40. It is known for its mythological and scriptural associations. The oldest known tree is over 1000 years old.

**7. Jacaranda mimosifolia: Jacaranda**

The Jacaranda is native to subtropical regions of South America, but is highly prevalent in many continents due to its attractive lavender to blue flowers. The 2”, trumpet-like flowers can bloom any time during the year, but peak in late spring. The tree can grow 25-40 ft tall with equal, or even greater, spread. The plant contains a powerful healing substance called glutamic acid.


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Trachycarpus fortunei: Windmill Palm

The Windmill Palm, one of the most cold-hardy palms, is native to Asia. The 3 ft in diameter palmate leaves are light to dark green above and silvery below. They are held on thin, toothed, flattened stems, that are about 3 ft long. It grows 20-40 ft tall with a 8-10" diameter trunk which is wider at the top.

Pyrus kawakamii: Evergreen Pear

The Evergreen Pear is native to China and Taiwan. It produces 3" glossy-green, oval shaped leaves with pointy tips. The abundant small, white flowers have 5 petals, multiple stamens and 2 pistils. It is usually the first tree to bloom each year, and the pungent smelling flowers attract birds, bees and butterflies.

Schinus molle: Pepper Tree

The Pepper Tree, native to Peru, can grow 30-40 ft tall. It has gray-colored bark that exfoliates with age, revealing a reddish color underneath. The leaves are 6-12" long, pinnately compound, and linear with 2½" leaflets. It has small, off-white flowers that are followed by small, round, reddish seeds with a strong pepper scent. The tree is considered invasive by the California Invasive Plant Council.

Carob Trees, native to the eastern Mediterranean, can grow up to 55 ft tall and live over 150 years. The leaves are pinnately compound, glossy, dark green, and oval in shape. The flowers have an unpleasant fragrance and are followed by 4-12" brown pods in summer and fall. The pods are filled with pulp and seeds and are processed into a cocoa-like flour, which is high in fiber, and used as a chocolate substitute.