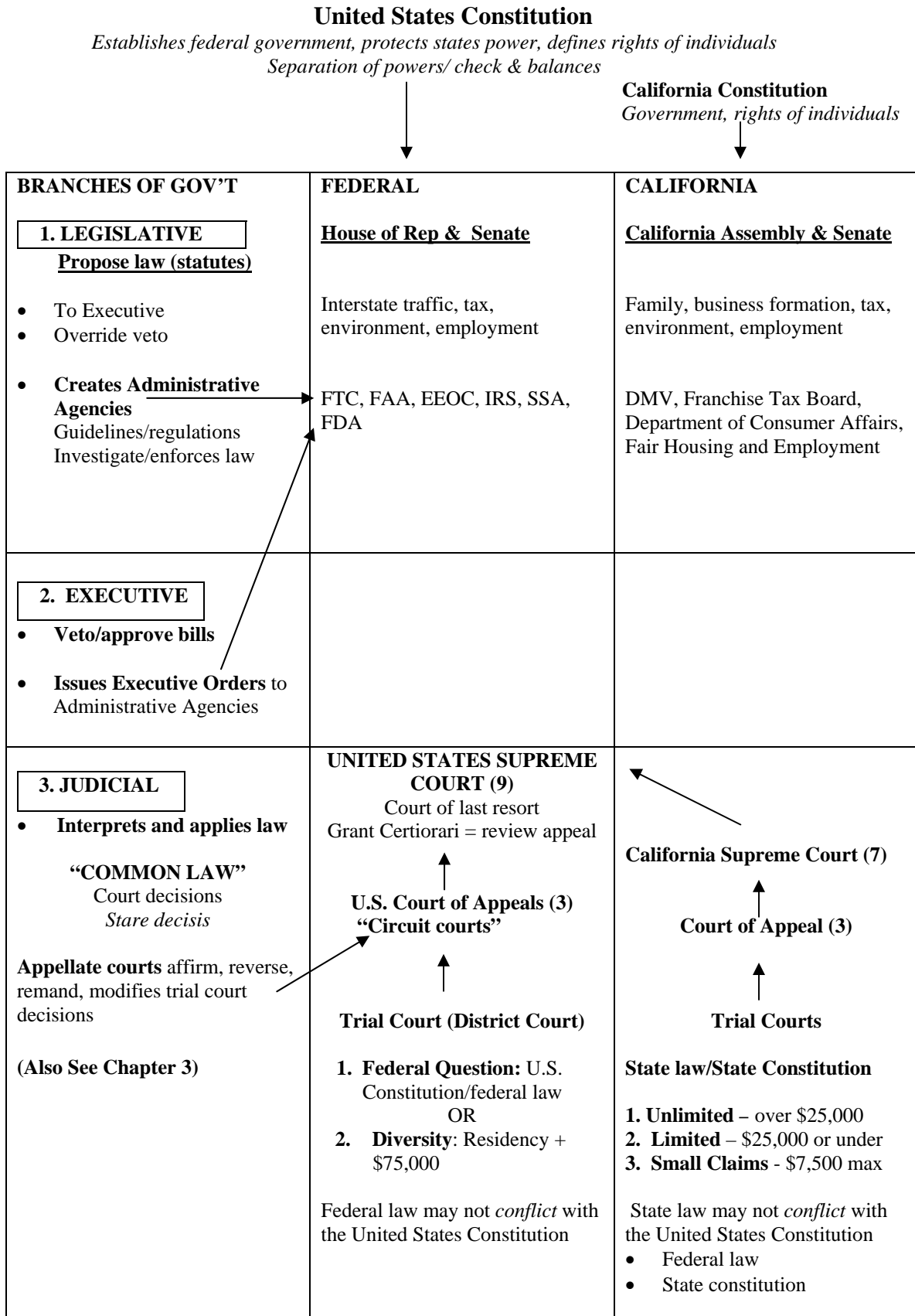


Chapter 1 - Introduction to Law

Sources of Law



Classifications of law

1. Civil vs. Criminal chart: Copy chart and expand cells to fill-in with words or phrases. Refer to the reading assignment and course flow chart (w).

	CIVIL	CRIMINAL
1. Basis of lawsuit	Causes of action (examples)	Charges (examples)
2. Who initiates action		
3. Wrongdoer's title		
4. Burden of Proof		
5. Judge/Jury decision	Liable or not liable	Guilty, not guilty or hung jury
6. Remedies		

Substantive and procedural law

Sample test questions

1. The Minnesota legislature enacted a law. The law required employers to give each employee adequate time, within each four consecutive hours of work, to utilize the nearest convenient restroom. This law is:
 - a. An executive order requiring the approval of 2/3 of Congress.
 - b. An appellate court decision requiring the review of three justices.
 - c. A statute that cannot conflict with federal law.
 - d. An example of stare decisis.

2. Teresa is found guilty of burglary and stealing several valuable computers. She is sentenced to two years in state prison. As a result,
 - a. The storeowner may not file a civil suit against Teresa, since the criminal court has ordered a punishment.
 - b. The storeowner may file a civil action against Teresa and obtain a judgment against her for the value of the computers.
 - c. The storeowner may not file a civil action against Teresa because that would cause double jeopardy.
 - d. The storeowner may sue Teresa civilly; however the storeowner must prove his/her case beyond a reasonable doubt.
 - e. Correct answers are b and d.